

## ***Interactive comment on “Structural and Seismic Monitoring of a Monumental Building: the Case Study of the Royal Castle of Racconigi” by Gianni Niccolini et al.***

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We would like to thank the Referee for his precious and valuable suggestions. The answers to the referees points are presented here below. In the attached pdf file, we have included the revised copy of the manuscript with all suggested changes highlighted with a yellow background.

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Authors: Gianni Niccolini, Alberto Carpinteri, Amedeo Manuello, Elena Marchis

Title: “Structural and Seismic Monitoring of a Monumental Building: the Case Study of the Royal Castle of Racconigi”

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Referee comment: Concerning the structure of the ms, Section 2 should be shortened so that to become part of the Introduction. Furthermore, the authors should give more details in Section 4 on the way the raw data have been processed. Authors' reply: Section containing architectural and historical details has been suppressed. Relevant information concerning the historical building and the structural element under monitoring became part of the Introduction, and we have removed figure 1 from the manuscript. On the other hand, we have given more experimental details, concerning data acquisition and data processing, in Section 2, now titled “Experimental results”, and in Section 3, “Frequency and natural time analysis of AE time series and correlation with nearby seismicity”.

In Section 2, we have specified: “the type of the adopted transducers (“broad-band type, working in the range 10 kHz – 1 MHz”); the accuracy of the arrival time of signals (“0.2  $\mu$ s”); the criterion used for determination of noise amplitude (“Before starting the monitoring, the background noise has been checked for a representative period of time, i.e. 24 hours, in order to determine the level of spurious signals: [...] 1.5 mV”). We added the following statement: “[...] Since all possible noisy signals in the frequency and amplitude range of measurement have been minimized, the burst of AE activity, marked by a vertical dashed line in the top diagram of Fig. 4, can be reasonably correlated with sudden increase in damage accumulation.”

We added the following statements in Section 3: “We have chosen the following sub-intervals: (0h, 50h); (90h, 190h); (260h, 485h) characterized by different stages of the AE activity separated by quite long silent periods. The first interval, (0h-50h), contains a sudden increase in the AE rate, followed by two intervals, (90h, 190h) and (260h-485h), with smoother AE rates.”

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“The reduction is given in percentage terms, 30%, 22% and 16% of the total amount of signals for each distribution.”

Two sentences have been rephrased as follows: p.6, lines1-2 “Damage assessment in an arch of castle’s thermal bath (Fig. 1) has been carried out by the AE technique, as a first step to plan possible restoration interventions. [...] The examined architectural element, currently supported by a steel frame structure, is a masonry arch with a span of 4 meters exhibiting a relevant crack pattern.” p.8, lines 22-26. The sentence has been rephrased as follows: “Here, the damage evolution of a structural element is investigated by analyzing the AE time series using two different methods and comparing the results. First, the evolution of variance  $\kappa_1$  and entropy  $S$  of the natural-time transformed time series  $\{\chi_k\}$  is studied, where the energy  $Q_k$  associated with the AE event amplitude  $A_k$  is given by  $Q_k = A_k^{1.5}$ , similarly to seismology (Kanamori and Anderson, 1975; Turcotte, 1997). The second method used is the analysis of evolving AE signal frequencies over the monitoring time (Gregori et al., 2004; Gregori et al., 2005; Schiavi et al., 2011).”

Referee comment: The title of the manuscript should be improved in order to become more precise. A tentative example may be: "Natural time analysis of acoustic emission from the Royal Castle of Racconigi" Authors’ reply: The title of the manuscript has been changed as follows: “Frequency and natural time analysis from acoustic emission monitoring of an arched structure in the Racconigi Castle”.

Referee comment: Concerning the list of References: In line 6 of p.8, Ref. [1] should be added to [33-35]. In line 18 of p.8, Ref. [2] should be inserted, because it is the one that gives the justification why  $\kappa_1$  converges to 0.070 when the system enters the critical state. In line 19 of p.8, just after the phrase "Two criteria ... to critical state:" the relevant Ref. [3] should be added. In short, my suggestion in this stage of the review process is that the ms should be revised along the lines explained above. References: 1. P. A. Varotsos, N. V. Sarlis, E. S. Skordas, and M. S. Lazaridou, Seismic Electric Signals: An additional fact showing their physical interconnection with seismicity,

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Tectonophysics 589 (2013) 116–125. 2. P. Varotsos, N.V. Sarlis, E.S. Skordas, S. Uyeda, and M. Kamogawa, Natural time analysis of critical phenomena. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci USA 108 (2011), 11361-11364. 3. P.A. Varotsos, N.V. Sarlis, E.S. Skordas and M.S. Lazaridou, Fluctuations, under time reversal, of the natural time and the entropy distinguish similar looking electric signals of different dynamics, J. Appl. Phys. 103 (2008), 014906 Authors’ reply: We added the references according to referee’s suggestions.

Please also note the supplement to this comment:

<http://www.nat-hazards-earth-syst-sci-discuss.net/nhess-2016-374/nhess-2016-374-AC2-supplement.pdf>

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