

## CORRECTION to AC C1076

The statement on page C 1077 in response to the referee's comment 2b), the 98th percentile was calculated using October–March only is incorrect: The results presented for the calculation of the index  $S_{f98}$  in the manuscript used 98th percentiles calculated from data all year round from 1979–2012 (not October to March only).

Using 98th percentiles from 1979–2012 October to March only in the  $S_{f98}$  index was also tested, although the index performed worse: the number of storms in category C of Figure 4(a) is only 7 (with 16 in category A and 23 in category B), compared to 13 in category C using the all year 98th percentiles. In addition the 23 extreme insurance loss storms are in the top 23% using the October–March only percentiles, compared to the top 16% using the all year percentiles.

For completeness, Figures 5 (d) and (h), 6 (d), and 7 (d) from the manuscript are shown below (Figs 1, 2 and 3), using the 98th percentiles for October–March only instead of the all year 98th percentiles. As found originally,  $S_{f98}$  still has a tendency to select Mediterranean storms.

We apologise for the confusion, and this error is corrected in the final manuscript.

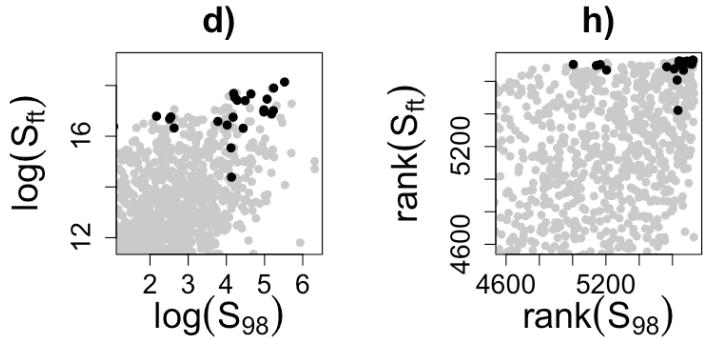


Figure 1: Figure 5 (d) and (h) from the original manuscript, using the 98th percentiles for October-March only instead of the all year 98th percentiles in the calculation of  $S_{f98}$ .

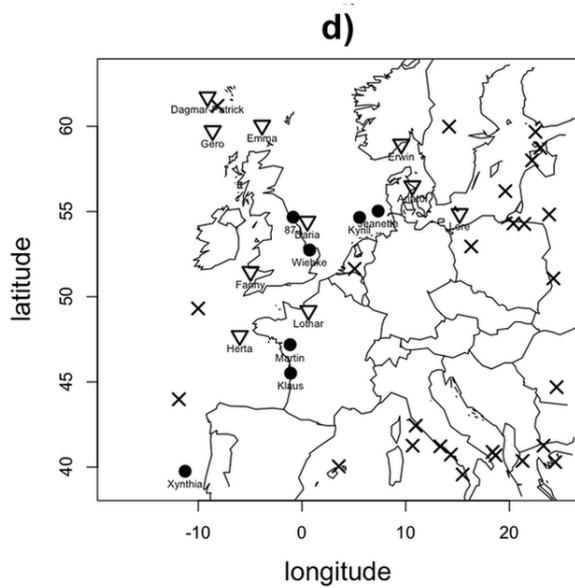


Figure 2: Figure 6 (d) from the original manuscript, using the 98th percentiles for October-March only instead of the all year 98th percentiles in the calculation of  $S_{f98}$ .

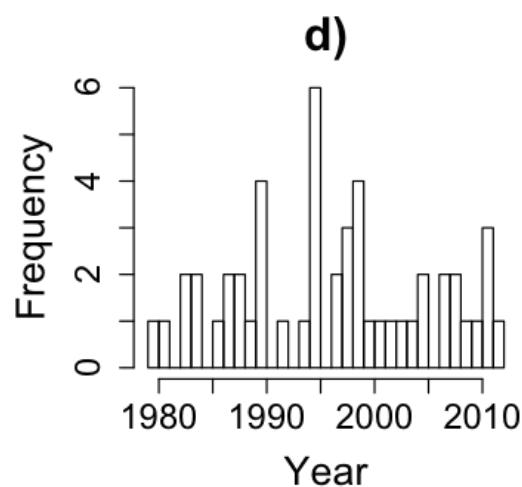


Figure 3: Figure 7 (d) from the original manuscript, using the 98th percentiles for October-March only instead of the all year 98th percentiles in the calculation of  $S_{f98}$ .