

Event no.	Evidence	Thickness of colluvial wedge NE wall	Thickness of colluvial wedge SW wall	Displacement	Occurrence time
A1	displ	–	–	0.15–0.25 m	15.1 ± 2.2 ka
A2	cw, tc	0.95 m	0.75 m	1.50–1.90 m	27.5 ± 13.4 ka
A3	cw, tc	0.45 m	0.40 m	0.80–0.90 m	38.4 ± 14.4 ka
A4	cw, tc	0.75 m	0.72 m	1.40–1.50 m	74.0 ± 21.8 ka
A5	cw	0.25 m	0.40 m	0.50–0.80 m	90.1 ± 22.9 ka
B1	displ	–	–	0.10–0.15 m	18.3 ± 13.5 ka
B2	cw	–	0.8	0.8/1.6 m	44.9 ± 17.4 ka
B3	tc	–	–	–	57.7 ± 18.5 ka
B4	cw	–	–	–	115 ± 14 ka
B5	cw	–	–	–	123 ± 14 ka
C1	displ	–	–	0.17–0.20 m	$< 15.1 \pm 1.5$ ka
C2	cw	–	–	–	$> 16.1 \pm 1.7$ ka

Colluvial wedge thickness observed on NE and SW trench walls used for estimating displacement. Displacement is taken as twice the colluvial wedge thickness. Evidence: dip-slip displacement of correlated layers (displ.), occurrence of colluvial wedges (cw), and sediment-filled tension cracks below the colluvial wedges (tc). Occurrence times (mean $\pm 2\sigma$) are calculated with OxCal using chronological constraints from respective trenches.